This document contains a list of species within the genus Jadera. It is in German, but one does not need to know German in order to read and understand it. Below each species named is the name of the person who first described that species, information on the type specimen ("Typ. gen."), the known distribution ("Verbr."), a list of publications that mention or describe the species, and synonymous species names. Most country names are similar enough to the English name that they do not require any translation (e.g. "Afrika" or "Asien"). Note that bis=to, zentral=central, o/osten/ost=east, w/westen/westlich=west, n/norden/nord=north, and s/suden/sudlich=south.

Jadera STÅL, 1862

Jadera STAL, 1862: Vet. Ak. Handl. (N. F.) 3, Nr. 6, 59 (für coturnix und discolor)

Typ. gen.: coturnix (Burmeister, 1835) = irit. Syn. zu sanguinolenta (Fabricius, 1775) [Van Duzee 1916] = aeola (Dallas, 1852) [Göllner-Scheiding 1979]

Verbr.: Amerika

STÅL 1862, Stett. ent. Ztg. 23, 306 (Syn. von Therapha (pt.)); 1870, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 226 — Walker 1871, Cat. Het. IV, 144, 202 — STÅL 1873, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 11, Nr. 2, 99 — Berg 1878, An. Soc. cient. Arg. 6, 188 (Abdr. 1879, Hem. Arg., 95) — DISTANT 1882, Biol. Centr. Am., Het. 1, 172 — Lethierry/Severin 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 — Van Duzee 1916, Checkl. Hem. Am., 15; 1917, Cat. Hem. Am., 124 — Pennington 1922, Phys. B. Aires 5 (Nr. 20), 169 (T) — Blatchley 1926, Het. E. N. Am., 285 (T) — Deay 1928, Kansas Univ. Sci. Bull. 18, 400 — Denning 1938, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 63 — Barber 1939, Scient. Surv. P. Rico 14, 328 — Costa Lima 1940, Ins. Bras., Hem., 2, 93 — Torre-Bueno 1941, Ent. Am. 21, 100 (T) — Froeschner 1942, Am. Midl. Natural. 27, 596 — Bayard 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 1 (R, T) —

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ALAYO 1967, Trab. Mus. Poey Cuba, Nr. 56, 34 (Т) — Снорка 1967, Trans. ent. Soc.
   London 119, 387 — GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 47 (R, T) —
   FROESCHNER 1981, Smith. Contr. Zool., Nr. 322, 92 (K)
     Leptocoris HAHN, 1833 (pt.): BURMEISTER 1835, Handb. Ent. 2, 305
     Serinetha Spinola, 1837 (pt.): Dallas 1852, List Hem. II, 459 — Dohrn 1859, Cat.
   Hem., 27
   = Pyrrhotes Westwood, 1842 (pt.)
   Pyrrhotes WESTWOOD, 1842: Cat. Hem. Hope II, 6
     BERGROTH 1906, Wien. ent. Ztg. 25, 9 — BANKS 1910, Cat. nearct. Hem. Het., 73 —
   BERGROTH 1913, Mém. Soc. ent. Belg. 22, 165 — ВLÖTE 1934, Zool. Meded. 17, 269
   = Therapha Amyot/Serville, 1843 (pt.)
   Therapha Amyot/Serville, 1843: Hist. nat. Hém., 244 (für cinerea, hyoscyami)
   Syn.: STÅL 1862
  Andere Zuordnung:
  subvittata WALKER, 1871: Cat. Het. IV, 145 (Jadera) = Hypselonotus interruptus HAHN, 1833 (Corei-
  Syn.: DISTANT 1901
  abdominalis WALKER, 1871 = obscura (WESTWOOD, 1842)
/ aeola (DALLAS, 1852)
  Serinetha aeola DALLAS, 1852: List Hem. II, 463
  Typus: Mexico, pres. E. P. Coffin; Holotypus ♀, Mus. London (Nr. 4313) (lt. Dallas ♂)
  Verbr.: Texas, Mexiko bis Argentinien
  Anm.: Jadera aeola ist infolge ihrer großen Variabilität sowie ihrer Ähnlichkeit mit sanguinolenta
  vielfach falsch bestimmt bzw. synonymisiert worden; die Angaben sind daher zum Teil unsicher.
 Aller Wahrscheinlichkeit nach handelt es sich bei aeola und sanguinolenta auch um zwei Unterarten
   Dohrn 1859, Cat. Hem., 27 (Ser.) — Stål 1870, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 227
 (= bayardae?] - WALKER 1871, Cat. Het. IV, 144 - DISTANT 1882, Biol. Centr. Am.,
 Het. 1, 173, Taf. 15.22; 1893, 378 — LETHIERRY/SEVERIN 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 —
 DISTANT 1901, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist. (7) 7, 429, 540 (Syn. von anticus pt., conspersus) -
 BARBER 1906, Sci. Bull. Brooklyn Inst. 1, 272 — BANKS 1910, Cat. nearct. Hem. Het., 73
 (Pyrrhotes) - BERGROTH 1913, Mém. Soc. ent. Belg. 22, 165 (Pyrrhotes) - VAN DUZEE
 1916, Checkl. Hem. Am., 15; 1917, Cat. Hem. Am., 127 — CAMPOS 1925, Rev. Col.
 Vicente Rocafuerte VII (Nr. 19-20), 57 (aeola var.) — BLATCHLEY 1926, Het. E. N. Am.,
 286 (irrt. Syn. zu sanguinolenta) — Blöte 1934, Zool. Meded. 17, 269 (Pyrrhotes) — Torre-
 Bueno 1941, Ent. Am. 21, 101 — BAYARD 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 19, Taf. IV. 3
 - Froeschner 1981, Smith. Contr. Zool., Nr. 322, 92 (K)
  Faun.: Torre-Bueno 1930, Bull. Brooklyn ent. Soc. 25, 107
 = anticus (WALKER, 1872) (pt.)
Lygaeus anticus WALKER, 1872: Cat. Het. V, 46
Typus: siehe anticus (WALKER, 1872)
Syn.: DISTANT 1901
= bicolor (Westwood, 1842)
Pyrrhotes bicolor WESTWOOD, 1842: Cat. Hem. Hope II, 6, 26
Typus: Ins. Amer.?; Holotypus 2 (ohne Fundortetikett), Hope Dept. Oxford (Nr. 392)
Syn.: GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979
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1.

¹² Mitt. zool. Mus. Berlin, Bd. 59, H. 1/83

= cinerea (Amyot/Serville, 1843)

Therapha cinerea AMYOT/SERVILLE, 1843: Hist. nat. Hem., 244

Typus: Brasilien, keine weiteren Angaben

Syn.: GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979

DOHRN 1859, Cat. Hem., 31 (Rhop. cinereus)

= conspersus (WALKER, 1872)

Lygaeus conspersus WALKER, 1872: Cat. Het. V, 47

Typus: Rio Janeiro, Dec. 1856, H. CLARK; Lectotypus Q (GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979), Mus. London (Paralectotypus Mus. London)

Syn.: DISTANT 1901

= coturnix (Burmeister, 1835)

Leptocoris coturnix Burmeister, 1835: Handb. Ent. 2, 305

Typus: Rio, v. Olf.; Holotypus of (Göllner-Scheiding 1979), Mus. Berlin (Nr. 1644)

Syn.: Göllner-Scheiding 1979

Westwood 1842, Cat. Hem. Hope II, 6 (*Pyrrhotes*) — Dallas 1852, List Hem. II, 462 (*Ser.*?) — Guérin-Méneville 1857, in: Ramon de la Sagra, Hist. nat. Cuba Ins., 392 (*Lygaeus* (*Ser.*)) — Dohrn 1859, Cat. Hem., 27 (*Ser.*?) — Stål 1860, Vet. Ak. Handl. (N. F.) 2, Nr. 7, 32 (*Ser.*); 1862, (N. F.) 3, Nr. 6, 59; 1862, Stett. ent. Ztg. 23, 306 (Syn. von cinerea)

aeola aeola (Dallas, 1852)

GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 49, Fig. (ssp. stat. nov.; Syn. von bicolor, cinerea, coturnix)

aeola rufoculis (KIRBY, 1890)

Lygaeus rufoculis KIRBY, 1890: J. Linn. Soc. London, Zool. 20, 546

Typus: Fernando Noronha, Brasilien; Lectotypus & (GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979), Mus. London (Nr. 88/10) (Paralectotypen Mus. London, Mus. Berlin, Mus. Leiden)

BLÖTE 1934, Zool. Meded. 17, 269 (Pyrrhotes rufoculis) — GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 51 (ssp. stat. nov.)

anticus (WALKER, 1872) (pt.)

Lygaeus anticus WALKER, 1872: Cat. Het. V, 46

Typus: St. Domingo; Lectotypus Q (GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979), Mus. London (55.1) (Paralectotypus Mus. London)

Verbr.: Florida, West-Indien

DISTANT 1901, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist. (7) 7, 429 (pt.; Syn. von sanguinolenta var.); 540 (pt.; Einordnung in Gattung Jadera) — BARBER/BRUNER 1947, Mem. Soc. Cub. Hist. nat. 19, 88 — ALAYO 1967, Trab. Mus. Poey Cuba, Nr. 56, 35 — GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 52, Fig.

anticus (WALKER, 1872) (pt.) = sanguinolenta (FABRICIUS, 1775) = aeola (DALLAS, 1852)

bayardae Göllner-Scheiding, 1982

Jadera bayardae Göllner-Scheiding, 1982: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 29, 459 (für hinnulea Bayard) Typus: Mexico, Summer 1940, Sternitzky; Holotypus 3, Mus. Washington (Vergleich war nicht möglich, da Typus nicht auffindbar) (Paratypen Mus. Washington, Field Mus.) Verbr.: Texas, Mexiko, Panama, Brit. Honduras, Guatemala

BAYARD 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 23, Taf. IV. 4 (hinnulea nov. spec. = nom. nud.) — Göllner-Scheiding 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 60, Fig. (hinnulea)

bicolor (Westwood, 1842) = aeola (Dallas, 1852)

choprai Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera choprai Göllner-Scheiding, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 53, Fig.

Typus: Samutarate, Bolivien, 27. 12. 1930, Dr. EISET PRAUT; Holotypus &, Mus. Berlin (Paratypen Mus. Berlin, Mus. Tucuman)

Verbr.: Argentinien, Bolivien, Brasilien, Paraguay, Uruguay

BAYARD 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 14, Taf. III. 2 (irrt. Det. als sanguinolenta)

cinerea (Amyot/Serville, 1843) = aeola (Dallas, 1852)

conspersus (WALKER, 1872) = aeola (DALLAS, 1852)

coturnix (Burmeister, 1835) = aeola (Dallas, 1852)

cruentus (Fabricius, 1787) = sanguinolenta (Fabricius, 1775)

decipiens Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera decipiens GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 55, Fig.

Typus: Bahia, Brasilien, Encruzilhada, 960 m, Nov. 1972, M. ALVANRENGA; Holotypus &, Mus. N. York (Paratypen Mus. N. York, Mus. Berlin).

Verbr.: Argentinien, Brasilien, Curacao,

diaphona Göllner-Scheiding, 1982

Jadera diaphona Göllner-Scheiding, 1982: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 29, 462, Fig.

Typus: Po Soltega, Nicaragua C. A., 15. Nov. 68, T. LABOUCHEIX; Holotypus &, Mus. Paris (Paratypen Mus. Paris, Mus. Berlin)

Verbr.: Mexiko, Nicaragua, Panama

discolor (STÅL, 1860) = obscura (WESTWOOD, 1842)

golbachi Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera golbachi Göllner-Scheiding, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 56, Fig.

Typus: Prov. Salta, N-Argentinien, 1 100 m, J. Steinbach; Holotypus &, Mus. Berlin (Paratypen Mus. Berlin, Mus. Tucuman)

Verbr.: Argentinien, Bolivien, Ekuador

haematoloma (Herrich-Schäffer, 1847)

Leptocoris haemotoloma HERRICH-SCHÄFFER, 1847: Wz. Ins. 8, 103, Taf. CCLXXXIV. 873

Typus: Mexiko; keine weiteren Angaben

Verbr.: mittl. und südl. Gebiete der U. S. A., Mexiko, Mittel-Amerika bis Kolumbien und Venezuela, West-Indien

Dallas 1852, List Hem. II, 463 (Ser.) — Guérin-Méneville 1857, in: Ramon de la SAGRA, Hist. nat. Cuba Ins., 393 (Lygaeus (Ser.) haematolomus) - DOHRN 1859, Cat. Hem., 27 (Ser.) — STÅL 1862, Stett. ent. Ztg. 23, 307; 1870, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 226 — WALKER 1871, Cat. Het. IV, 145 — TOWNEND GLOVER 1876, Ill. Ins. Hem. 43, Taf. IX. 5 — UHLER 1876, Bull. U. S. geol. geogr. Surv. Terr. (2) Nr. 5, 302 — DISTANT 1882, Biol. Centr. Am., Het. 1, 173, Taf. 17.5; 1893, 378 - PROVANCHER 1886, Pet. Fn. ent. Can. 3, 65 — Berg 1892, An. Soc. cient. Arg. 33, 104 (Abdr. N. Hem. Arg., 67) — Lethierry/ SEVERIN 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 — DISTANT 1901, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist. (7) 7, 540 (Syn. von marginalis) — BARBER 1906, Sci. Bull. Brooklyn Inst. 1, 272 — VAN DUZEE 1909, Bull. Buff. Soc. nat. Sci. 9, 163 — BANKS 1910, Cat. nearct. Hem. Het., 73 (Pyrrhotes) — Van Duzee 1916, Checkl. Hem. Am., 15; 1917, Cat. Hem. Am., 126 — Pennington 1922, Phys. B. Aires 5 (Nr. 20), 170 — BARBER 1923, Univ. Iowa Stud. nat. Hist. 10, Nr. 3, 23 — Blatchley 1926, Het. E. N. Am., 286 — Deay 1928, Sci. Bull. Kansas Univ. 18, 400, Taf. LXI. 3 — BLÖTE 1934, Zool. Meded. 17, 269 (Pyrrhotes) — DENNING 1938, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 64 — Torre-Bueno 1941, Ent. Am. 21, 101 — Froeschner 1942, Am. Midl. Natural. 27, 596 — BAYARD 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 30, Taf.

VI. 7 — BARBER/BRUNER 1947, Mem. Soc. Cub. Hist. nat. 19, 88 — ALAYO 1967, Trab. Mus. Poey Cuba, Nr. 56, 36 — CHOPRA 1967, Trans. ent. Soc. London 119, 387, Fig. — Hepburn/Yonke 1971, J. Kansas ent. Soc. 44, 194, Fig. (M) — GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 57, Fig.

Faun.: UHLER 1894, Proc. Cal. Ac. Sci. (2) 4, 237 — SNOW 1906, Trans. Kansas Ac. Sci. 20, pt. 1, 152 — BARBER 1914, Bull. Am. Mus. nat. Hist. 33, 518 — MALLOCH 1918, Ent. News 29, 284 — Torre-Bueno 1930, Bull. Brookl. ent. Soc. 25, 107; 1931, 26, 137 — Harris 1937, Iowa St. Coll. J. Sci. 11, 172 — SHERMAN 1948, Ent. News 59, 17

= marginalis (WALKER, 1872)

Lygaeus marginalis WALKER, 1872: Cat. Het. V, 45

Typus: Oajaca, Mexico, from M. Sallé's coll.; Lectotypus ♀ (Göllner-Scheiding 1979), Mus. London (Paralectotypus Mus. London)

Syn.: DISTANT 1901

harrisi Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera barrisi GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 59, Fig.

Typus: Serra do Araripe, Ceara, State Crato, Brasilien, 850 m, V. 1969, M. ALVARENGA, Holotypus &, Mus. N. York (Paratypen Mus. N. York, Mus. Berlin)

Verbr.: Bolivien, Brasilien

hinnulea Bayard, 1943 = bayardae Göllner-Scheiding, 1982

lateralis STÅL, 1862 = obscura (WESTWOOD, 1842)

marginalis (Walker, 1872) = haematoloma (Herrich-Schäffer, 1847)

obscura (Westwood, 1842)

10

Pyrrhotes obscura WESTWOOD, 1842: Cat. Hem. Hope II, 6, 26

Typus: Rio; Holotypus Q (ohne Originalangaben), Oxford HOPE Dept. (Nr. 394)

Verbr.: Mexiko bis Argentinien-Peru

STÅL 1870, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 226 (Syn. von discolor) — WALKER 1873, Cat. Hem., Suppl., 40 — BERG 1878, An. Soc. cient. Arg. 6, 188 (Abdr. 1879, Hem. Arg., 95) (Syn. von lateralis) — DISTANT 1882, Biol. Centr. Am., Het. 1, 172, Taf. 15.21; 1893, 378 - Lethierry/Severin 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 - Distant 1901, Proc. zool. Soc. London 1901, pt. 1, 334 — Pennington 1922, Phys. B. Aires 5 (Nr. 20), 169 — Blöte 1934, Zool. Meded. 17, 269 (Pyrrhotes) — TORRE-BUENO 1941, Ent. Am. 21, 100 — BAYARD 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 36, Taf. VI. 8 — BARBER/BRUNER 1947, Mem. Soc. Cub. Hist. nat. 19, 88 — Alayo 1967, Trab. Mus. Poey Cuba, Nr. 56, 36 — Göllner-Scheiding 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 61, Fig. (Syn. von abdominalis)

= abdominalis WALKER, 1871

Jadera abdominalis WALKER, 1871: Cat. Het. IV, 145

Typus: Patr. ign.; Holotypus &, Mus. London

Syn.: Göllner-Scheiding 1979

LETHIERRY/SEVERIN 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124

= discolor (STÅL, 1860)

Serinetha discolor STAL, 1860: Vet. Ak. Handl. (N. F.) 2, Nr. 7, 32

Typus: Brasil, F. Sahlb.; Holotypus &, Mus. Stockholm (Paratypus Mus. Stockholm)

Syn.: STAL 1870

WALKER 1871, Cat. Het. IV, 145

= lateralis STAL, 1862

Jadera lateralis STAL, 1862: Stett. ent. Ztg. 23, 307

Typus: Mexico; Holotypus &, Mus. Stockholm (lt. Beschr. 2)

Syn.: BERG 1878

STÅL 1870, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 226 — WALKER 1873, Cat. Het., Suppl., 40 Faun.: Uhler 1894, Proc. 200l. Soc. London 1894, 181

(11) parapectoralis Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera parapectoralis GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 62, Fig.

Typus: Bahia, Brasilien, Gom.; Holotypus &, Mus. Berlin (Paratypen Texas Univ., Mus. Berlin) Verbr.: Argentinien, Brasilien

GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1982, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 29, 462

pectoralis STAL, 1862

Jadera pectoralis STAL, 1862: Stett. ent. Ztg. 23, 307

Typus: Brasil; Holotypus &, Mus. Stockholm (Typus ohne Namensetikett)

Verbr.: Bolivien, Brasilien, Uruguay

Stål 1870, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 227 — Walker 1873, Cat. Het., Suppl., 40 — Lethierry/Severin 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 — Bayard 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 28, Taf. V. 6 — Göllner-Scheiding 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 64, Fig.; 1982, (N. F.) 29, 462

peruviana Göllner-Scheiding, 1982

Jadera peruviana GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING, 1982: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 29, 466, Fig.

Typus: Peru, III. 48, 1500 at.; Holotypus &, Coll. Brailowsky

Verbr.: Peru

14) pyrrholoma Stål, 1870

Jadera pyrrholoma STÅL, 1870: Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 9, Nr. 1, 226

Typus: Bogota, Lindig; Holotypus &, Mus. Stockholm (Paratypen Mus. Stockholm)

Verbr.: Bolivien, Brasilien, Ekuador, Kolumbien

Walker 1873, Cat. Het., Suppl., 40 — Lethierry/Severin 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 — Bayard 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 25, Taf. V. 5 — Göllner-Scheiding 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 65, Fig.

rubrofusca BARBER, 1923 = sanguinolenta (FABRICIUS, 1775)

rufoculis (Kirby, 1890) = aeola rufoculis (Kirby, 1890)

(5) sanguinolenta (FABRICIUS, 1775)

Cimex sanguinolentus FABRICIUS, 1775: Syst. ent., 721

Typus: Amer.; Lectotypus Q (GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING 1979) (ohne Fundort- und Namensetikett), Mus. Kopenhagen

Verbr.: Porto Rico, St. Croix, Culebra, St. John, St. Thomas

Anm.: Aller Wahrscheinlichkeit nach handelt es sich bei aeola und sanguinolenta um zwei Unterarten einer Art; die folgenden Angaben beziehen sich infolge der begrenzten Verbreitung von sanguinolenta sicher zum Teil auf aeola oder auch choprai (= Funde aus S-Amerika).

Goeze 1778, Ent. Beitr., Teil 2, 257 (Cimex) — Fabricius 1781, Spec. Ins. II, 365 (Cimex); 1787, Mant. Ins. 2, 300 (Cimex); 1794, Ent. Syst. 4, 158 (Lygaeus); 1803, Syst. Rhyng., 224 (Lygaeus) — Turton 1806, Syst. Nat. Kingdom 2, Ins. I, 661 (Cimex) — Stål 1868, Sv. Vet. Ak. Handl. 7, Nr. 11, 67 (Ser.; Syn. von cruentus; irrt. Syn. von coturnix); 1870, 9, Nr. 1, 227 (irrt. Syn. von bicolor, cinerea) — Walker 1871, Cat. Het. IV, 144 — Berg 1878, An. Soc. cient. Arg. 6, 189 (Abdr. 1879, Hem. Arg., 96) (= wahrscheinlich choprai) — Gundlach 1894, An. Soc. Esp. Hist. nat. 22, 281 — Lethierry/Severin 1894, Cat. gén. Hém. 2, 124 — Distant 1901, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist. (7) 7, 429 (Syn. von anticus pt.; irrt. Syn. von rufoculis) — Bergroth 1913, Mém. Soc. ent. Belg. 22, 165 (Pyrrhotes) — Van Duzee 1916, Checkl. Hem. Am., 15; Cat. Hem. Am., 127 — Pennington 1922, Phys. B. Aires 5 (Nr. 20), 170 — Blatchley 1926, Het. E. N. Am., 286 — Blöte 1934,

Zool. Meded. 17, 269 (Pyrrhotes) — Costa Lima 1940, Ins. Bras., Hem., 2, 93, Fig. — Torre-Bueno 1941, Ent. Am. 21, 101 — Barber/Bruner 1947, Mem. Soc. Cub. Hist. nat. 19, 88 — Alayo 1967, Trab. Mus. Poey Cuba, Nr. 56, 36, Taf. VIII. 1 — Göllner-Scheiding 1979, Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 66, Fig. (Syn. von rubrofusca) — Froeschner 1981, Smith. Contr. Zool., Nr. 322, 92 (K; wahrsch. choprai)

Faun.: Montandon 1895, Bull. Mus. Zool. Torino 10, Nr. 29, 7 — Heidemann 1901, Proc. Wash. Ac. Sci. 3, 365 — Van Duzee 1907, Bull. Buff. Soc. nat. Sci. 8, Nr. 5, 13 — Barber 1923, Am. Mus. Novit., Nr. 75, 12 — Torre-Bueno 1930, Bull. Brooklyn ent. Soc. 25, 107 — Barber 1934, Nyt Mag. Naturvid. 74, 284 — Linsley/Usinger 1966, Proc. Cal. Ac. Sci. 33, 134 — Schaefer/Vagvolgyi/Ashlock 1980, Pan-Pac. Entomol. 56, 45

= cruentus (FABRICIUS, 1787)

Cimex cruentus FABRICIUS, 1787: Mant. Ins. 2, 301

Typus: Amer. Insul., Schmidt; Lectotypus Q (Göllner-Scheiding 1979), Mus. Kopenhagen (Text des Etiketts irrt. "India orientali") (Paralectotypus Mus. Kopenhagen) Syn.: Stål 1868

FABRICIUS 1794, Ent. Syst. 4, 159 (Lygaeus); 1803, Syst. Rhyng., 225 (Lygaeus)

= rubrofusca BARBER, 1923 (pt.)

Jadera rubrofusca BARBER, 1923: Am. Mus. Novit. 75, 2

Typus: Aibonita, P. Rico, June 1-3, 1915; Holotypus &, Mus. N. York (Paratypen Mus. N. York)

Syn.: Göllner-Scheiding 1979

BARBER 1939, Scient. Surv. P. Rico 14, 328, Fig. — BAYARD 1943, M. S. Thesis Iowa St. Coll., 12, Taf. III. 2

rubrofusca BARBER, 1923 (pt.) = aeola (DALLAS, 1852)

schuhi Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera schuhi Göllner-Scheiding, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 68, Fig. Typus: Caripito, Venezuela, 16. VI. 1942; Holotypus &, Mus. N. York

Verbr.: Venezuela

similaris Göllner-Scheiding, 1979

Jadera similaris GÖLLNER-SCHEIDING, 1979: Dtsch. ent. Z. (N. F.) 26, 69, Fig.

Typus: Duran, Ekuador, 24. VI. 1914, S. A. H. S. Parish; Holotypus &, Snow Mus. Lawrence Verbr.: Ekuador

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